

## Product Description

$\mu$-Processor controlled amplifier for 3 sets of photoelectric sensors, type MOFTR, MKFTR, MIFTR or MHFTR. Utilising an 11-pin circular plug for easy connection. Relay outputs (NO) w. 2 relays in series connection.

Self-diagnostics for system test. Protected against reverse wiring or cross talk from adjecent photoelectrics. Multi-voltage power supply. Sensitivity is individually adjustable for each set of photoelectrics.

- $\mu$-Processor controlled
- Amplifier unit for 3 sets of photoelectrics
- 3 independent outputs with $2 \times$ Relay SPDT connected in series, Make switching funktion
- Self-diagnostic functions
- Alignment failure indication
- Multivoltage 15 to 30 VAC/DC
- Modulated and synchronized light
- Adjustable sensitivity for each channel
- LED indications: supply, outputs, signal quality
- 11-pin plug-in housing
- For 115 or 230 VAC use power supplys from SS120 series
- Positive safety, NF P25-362 Standard

Ordering Key
S14 30 ROS 915
Type
Special function
Output type
Power supply

Ordering no.
Supply: 15-30 VAC/DC
S 1430 ROS 915

## Specifications

| Rated operational voltage $\left(\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ pins 2 \& 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 13.5 \text { to } 33 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & 13.5 \text { to } 33 \mathrm{VAC}, 45 \text { to } 65 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rated operational power AC supply DC supply | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{VA} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Power ON delay ( $\mathrm{t}_{v}$ ) | < 300 ms |
| Output Contact Rating (AgCdO) |  |
| Resistive loads AC 1 <br>  DC 1 | 1.5 A/100 VAC <br> 1.5 A/30 VDC |
| Small induc. loads $\quad$ AC 15  <br>  DC 13 | 1.5 A/100 VAC 1.5 A/30 VDC |
| Mechanical life (typical) | $\geq 20 \times 10^{6}$ operations at $18000 \mathrm{imp} / \mathrm{H}$ |
| Electrical life (typical) | $\geq 300000$ operating at 220 VAC - 2 A resistive load |
| Output function | Relay Make function |
| Protection, outputs | Reverse polarity, short-circuit, transients |
| Supply to photoelectric switch Emitter | Tx1: Pin 1 <br> Tx2: Pin 9 <br> Tx3: Pin 6 <br> Shield: Pin 11 (common) |


| Supply to photoelectric switch Emitter (cont.) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Supply voltage (open loop) | 7 V square wave |
| Current | $\leq 300 \mathrm{~mA}$ short-circuit protected |
| Output resistance | $10 \Omega$ |
| Receiver | Rx1: Pin 4 |
|  | Rx2: Pin 7 |
|  | Rx3: Pin 8 |
|  | Shield: Pin 5 (common) |
| Supply voltage (open loop) | 5 VDC |
| Short-circuit current | 10 mA |
| Input resistance | $470 \Omega$ |
| Sensitivity (\% of $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) | - 2 ranges, <br> DIP-switch selectable <br> - low sensitivity ( $25 \%$ ) <br> - high sensitivity (100\%) <br> - Sensitivity adjustment with $270^{\circ}$ : <br> Turn knob on CH 1, 2, 3 |
| Note: | - Maximum range indicated on photoelectric switch data sheet in high sensitivity range only <br> - Operation within low sensitivity range, increases ambient light and crosstalk immunity |

## Specifications (cont.)

| Operating frequency (f) Light/dark ratio 1:1 | 12.5 Hz |
| :---: | :---: |
| Response time |  |
| OFF-ON (ton) | 30 ms |
| ON-OFF (toff) | 30 ms |
| Indication |  |
| Supply ON | LED, green |
| Output ON | LED, yellow |
| Signal quality | LED, red |
| Environment |  |
| Overvoltage category | III (IEC 60664) |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 (IEC 60529, 60947-1) |
| Pollution degree | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { (IEC 60664/60664A, } \\ & 60947-1 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Temperature |  |
| Operating | $-20^{\circ}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-4^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.+122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Storage | $-50^{\circ}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-58^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Weight | 150 g |
| Approvals | CSA |
| CE-marking | Yes |

Truth Table

|  | Make switching |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Object present | Yes | No | No |
| Dirt on lenses, <br> misaligned or <br> sensitivity too low | -- | No | Yes $^{11}$ |
| Output LED yellow | OFF | ON | ON |
| Level LED red | OFF | OFF | ON <br> or <br> flashing |
| Output | OFF | ON | ON |

${ }^{1)}$ Under normal operating conditions, the red level indication LED has to be OFF. The level indication LED will turn on shortly each time an object enters or exits the sensing zone, even if the photoelectric switch is correctly installed and adjusted.

## Procedure for Test Functions (Dip-switch Selection)

## Transmitter test

 (switch 1 in the up position) When switch 1 is placed in the up position all yellow and red LED's on the front of the unit will flash simultaneously. Once the test is completed (approx. 3 scans) and a wiring fault is detected, such as reverse polarity or shortcircuit, the transmitter that has the fault condition will be indicated by the red LED being continuously ON. If a fault condition is not existing then only the yellow LED will be ON. If a fault exists, correct the fault condition and then repeat the test, this will ensure proper wiring has been done. Always reset switch 1 for normal operation of system when testing completed.
## Receiver test

 (switch 2 in the up position) When switch 2 is placed in the up position all yellow and red LED's on the front of the unit will flash simultaneously. Once the test is completed (approx. 3 scans) and a wiring fault is detected, such as reverse polarity or shortcircuit, the receiver that has the fault condition will be indicated by the red LED being continuously ON. If a fault condition is not existing then only the yellow LED will be ON. If a fault exists, correct the fault condition and then repeat the test, this will ensure proper wiring has been done. Always reset switch 2 for normal operation of system when testing completed.Function test
(switch 1 and 2 in the up position) When switch 1 and 2 are both placed in the up position (simultaneously) the yellow and red LED's on the front of the housing will begin to flash simultaneously and then the LED's
will cycle from channel 1 to channel 2 and then to channel 3. Once the complete system scan is done the indication of the system condition will be displayed (see below). System test will continue until switch 1 and 2 are reset.

## LED Indication

## Yellow LED ON

- Red LED OFF
- Yellow LED ON
$\triangle$ Red LED ON
- Yellow LED OFF
$\triangle$ Red LED ON

Tx's and Rx's mismatched, e.g. Rx3 seeing Tx1

System Test OK

Alignment error or beam obstructed by object

## Operation Diagram

Power supply
Object present
Signal quality
Make switching


Dimensions
DIP-switch (located behind cover):
1: Test button, transmitters are transmitting,
no short, wired correctly
2: Test button, receivers are receiving, no short,
wired correctly
1+2together: System test (transmitter and receiver)

## Wiring Diagrams

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Accessories

- 11 pole circular socket
- Socket cover for S111

S111, S111A, S411, ZPD11

- Socket cover for S411 BB1
- Holding down spring BB4 HF
- Mounting rack SM13
- Front panel mounting bezel FRS2
- Connection cable (2 plugs) $2 \times 6 / 6$ modular plugs $2 \times 6 / 6 \mathrm{mod} .2 .0 \mathrm{~m}$
- Power supplies for $115 / 230$ VAC SS120-series
- DIN-rail interface 6IODC


## Delivery Contents

- Output connection cable
- Output connection cable
- Amplifier
- DIN-rail interface
- Screw driver
- Packaging:
$1 \mathrm{~m}, 6$ wires one plug $0.2 \mathrm{~m}, 6$ wires two plugs S 1430 ROS 915 6IODC

Cardboard box

## Interface



## 6IODC

DIN-rail interface
(DIN EN 50 035, EN 50 022)
output from plug to screw terminnals

